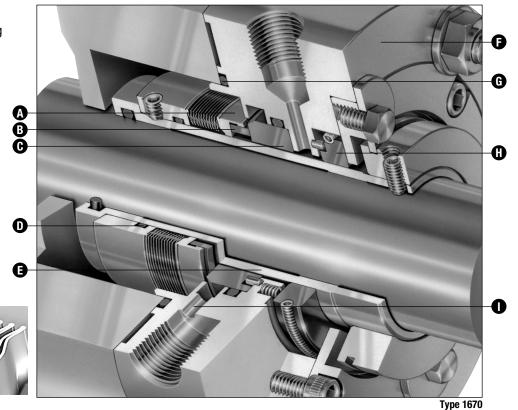


API 682 CATEGORY 2 & 3 TYPE B METAL BELLOWS SEALS

Technical Specification

- A Bellows Assembly
- B Insert/Primary Ring
- **C** Mating Ring/Seat
- **D** 0-Ring
- E Sleeve
- F Gland
- G Gland O-Ring
- H Segmented Bushing Assembly
- I Distributed Flush



Welded Metal Bellows

Product Description

Type 1670- Category 2 and 3, Type B, Arrangement 1 single rotating alloy C-276 (UNS N10276) bellows cartridge seal is available with a fixed, floating, or segmented bushing option with either a single point or distributed flush arrangement. Category 3 seals are provided the appropriate documentation in accordance with API 682.

FYPE 1670

Design Features

- API 682 qualification tested
- · Edge-welded metal bellows
- · Easy-to-install cartridge design with registered fit
- Static secondary seals
- Standard components
- Segmented spring-loaded carbon throttle bushing for effective containment (optional)
- Distributed flush optimizes circulation of liquid at faces and prevents trapped vapor
- Available with a pumping ring when utilizing an API Plan 23

(Category 2 or 3 with segmented bushing and distributed flush shown)

Performance Capabilities

- Temperature: -100°F to 500°F /-75°C to 260°C (depending on material used)
- Pressure: vacuum to 300 psi(g)/20 bar(g)
- Speed: up to 5000 fpm/25 m/s
- Shaft size: 0.750" to 3.750"/19mm to 95.25mm

Typical Applications

- Hydrocarbons
- Aromatic fractionation products (benzene, toluene, solvents, etc.)
- Crude oil fractionation products (fuel oil, lubricating oil, gasoline, etc.)
- Chemicals
- Caustics
- Some acids
- Aqueous solutions
- Lubricating liquids

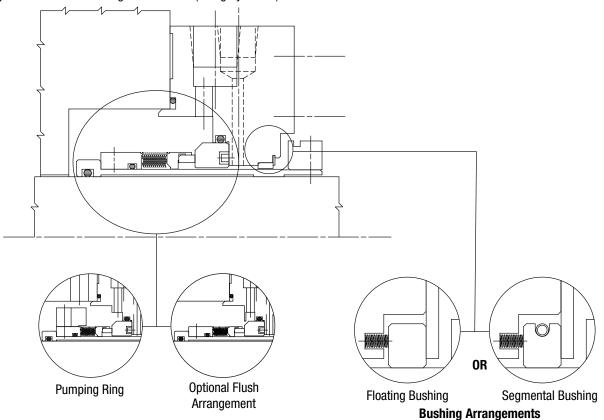
PI 682 CATEGORY 2 & 3 TYPE B METAL BELLOWS SEALS

Technical Specification

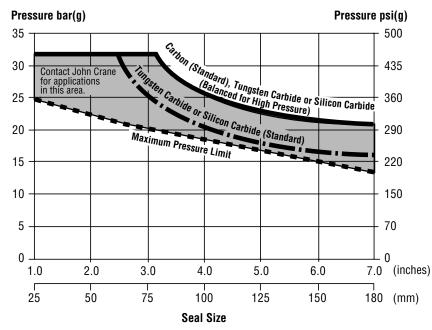
Type 1670 API Type B Arrangement 1 - Single Cartridge

FYPE 1670

Type 1670 Standard Arrangement Shown (Category 2 Seal)



Basic Pressure Rating



The basic pressure rating is for a standard seal as shown in the typical arrangement, when installed according to the criteria given in this data sheet and generally accepted industrial practices.

The basic pressure rating assumes stable operation at 3600rpm in a clean, cool, lubricating, non-volatile liquid with an adequate flush rate. When used with the multiplier factors, the basic pressure rating can be adjusted to provide a conservative estimate of the dynamic pressure rating.

For process services outside this range or for a more specific assessment of the dynamic pressure rating, contact John Crane.

Notes:

1. Basic pressure rating curve based on single-ply bellows.

2. Basic pressure rating curve is differential pressure applied to seal outside diameter.

3. Consult John Crane for applications outside these limits.

API 682 CATEGORY 2 & 3 TYPE B METAL BELLOWS SEALS

Technical Specification

Multiplier Factors

		Multiplier Factors		
	Selection Considerations	Carbon vs. SiC	T/C vs. SiC	
Speed	Up to 3600rpm Above 3600rpm	x 1.00 x (3600/ speed)	x 1.00 x (3600/ speed)	
Sealed Fluid Lubricity	Petrol/Gasoline, Kerosene, or Better Water and Aqueous Solutions (< 176°F/80°C) Flashing Hydrocarbons* (see note 1)	x 1.00 x 0.75 x 0.60	x 1.00 x 0.75 (see note 2)	
Sealed Fluid Temperature (See note 3)	Up to 175°F /80°C Up to 250°F/120°C Up to 400°F/205°C	x 1.00 x 0.90 x 0.80	x 1.00 x 1.00 x 1.00	

FYPE 1670

* The ratio of sealed pressure to vapor pressure must be greater than 1.5, otherwise consult John Crane. If the specific gravity is less than 0.6, consult John Crane.

Notes:

- 1. Specific gravity ≥ 0.6 and ratio of sealed pressure to vapor pressure > 1.5
- 2. More details regarding the fluid and the operating conditions are required
- 3. Temperature at the seal faces includes effects of flush, quench and cooling

Example for Determining Pressure Rating Limits:

Seal: Type 1670 Size: 2"/50mm Product: 50/50 Glycol and Water Face material: Carbon vs. Silicon Carbide Operating temperature: 200°F/95°C Operating speed: 3600rpm Example for determining dynamic Pressure rating: The maximum pressure for a particular application is the lesser of the maximum pressure limit curve or the pressure calculated when the multiplier

or the pressure calculated when the multiplier factors are applied to the specific seal face material curve.

Maximum pressure limit curve: 300 psi(g)/21 bar(g) max pressure

Carbon limit curve: 460 psi(g)/32 bar(g)

Calculated limit: 460 $psi(g)/32 bar(g) \times 1.00 \times 0.75 \times 0.90 = 310 psi(g)/20 bar(g)$

At 3600rpm with the service conditions noted, a 2"/50mm (seal size) Type 1670 has a maximum operating pressure limit of 310 psi(g)/20 bar(g).

Materials of Construction

SEAL COMPONENTS	MATERIALS			
Description	Standard	Options		
Seat/Mating Ring	Silicon Carbide Reaction Bonded	—		
Insert/Primary Ring	Premium Grade Carbon Tungsten Carbide Nickel Bound Sintered Silicon Carbide			
End Fittings	Alloy C-276 (UNS N10276)	—		
Bellows	Alloy C-276 (UNS N10276)	—		
Adaptive Hardware	316 Stainless Steel (UNS 31600) —			
Static Seals	Fluoroelastomer	Perfluoroelastomer		
		Nitrile		
		Ethylene Propylene		
		TFE Encapsulated Fluorocarbon		

Sealol Welded Metal Bellows

Design Features

- * Optimum 45° tilt angle
- * Three-sweep radius
- * Nesting ripple plate design
- * Static secondary seal
- * Light spring loads

Benefits

- * Uniform plate rigidity and stress distribution
- * Enhanced fatigue strength
- * Pressure-balanced by design
- * Less heat
- * Lower power consumption

Technical Specification

Angular and Radial Movement

Excessive runout will have a detrimental effect on seal performance in the form of component wear or excessive leakage. API 682 limits runout as follows:

- Centering of the seal is to be by a register fit. The register fit surface shall be concentric to the shaft and have a total indicated runout (FIM) of not more than 0.005"/125 micrometers.
- Squareness of the seal chamber face to the shaft shall not exceed 0.0005" per inch of seal chamber bore (15 micrometers per cm).
- Runout of the sleeve outer diameter to the inner diameter shall be 0.001"/25 micrometers FIM.
- Shaft-to-sleeve diametrical clearance shall be to Tolerance Grade F7/h6.

Recommendations for Viscous Fluids

0 - 1,000 cSt: Standard seal

1,000 - 3,500 cSt: Hard face material

3,500 - 10,500 cSt: Consult John Crane Engineering

Note: SSU (Saybolt Universal Seconds) approximately equals cSt (centistoke) x 4.6347 cP (centipoise) = cSt (centistoke) x specific gravity.

Piping Plans Recommended with the Type 1670

API Plan 11

john cra

API Plan 32

From External Source

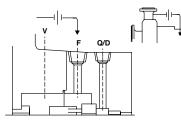
API Plan 23

Recirculation from pump case through orifice to seal.

Injection to seal from external source of clean cool fluid.

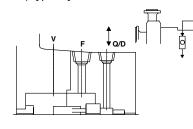
API Plan 21

Recirculation from pump case through orifice and cooler or heat exchanger



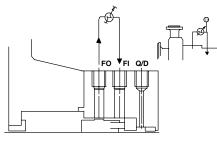
API Plan 62

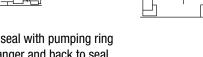
External fluid quench (steam, gas, water, etc.) typically used with throttle bushing.

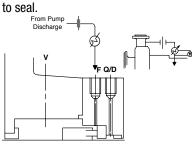




Recirculation from seal with pumping ring through heat exchanger and back to seal.







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